

Dinas a Sir Abertawe

# Cofnodion Cyfarfod y Panel Perfformiad Craffu -Gwella Gwasanaethau a Chyllid

Cynhelir y cyfarfod o bell trwy Microsoft Teams

Dydd Llun, 9 Tachwedd 2020 am 10.00 am

Yn Bresennol: Y Cynghorydd C A Holley (Cadeirydd) oedd yn llywyddu		
<b>Y Cynghorydd(wyr)</b> P M Black L James J W Jones	<b>Y Cynghorydd(wyr)</b> P Downing M H Jones B J Rowlands	<b>Y Cynghorydd(wyr)</b> P R Hood-Williams P K Jones D W W Thomas
<b>Hefyd yn bresennol</b> Mark Thomas	Aelod y Cabinet dros Isadeiledd	Wella'r Amgylchedd a Rheoli
<b>Swyddog(ion)</b> Emily-Jayne Davies Michelle Roberts	Swyddog Craffu Swyddog Craffu	

Emily-Jayne Davies Michelle Roberts Adam Hill Chris Howell Ben Smith

Swyddog Craffu Swyddog Craffu Dirprwy Brif Weithredwr/Cyfarwyddwr Adnoddau Pennaeth Gwastraff, Parciau a Glanhau Prif Swyddog Cyllid / Swyddog Adran 151

#### Ymddiheuriadau am absenoldeb

Y Cynghorydd(wy): I E Mann

### 1 Ethol Cynullydd Panel

Cytunodd y panel y byddai'r Cynghorydd Chris Holley yn cael ei ailbenodi'n Gynullydd.

### 2 Datgeliadau o fuddiannau personol a rhagfarnol.

Ni ddatgelwyd unrhyw fuddiannau

### 3 Gwahardd Pleidleisiau Chwip a Datgan Chwipiau'r Pleidiau

Ni wnaethpwyd unrhyw ddatganiadau

### 4 Cofnodion

Ystyriodd y Panel lythyrau a chofnodion o gyfarfodydd blaenorol a chytunodd bod cofnodion y cyfarfod ar 21 Medi 2020 yn gofnod cywir o'r cyfarfod.

### 5 **Cwestiynau gan y Cyhoedd**

Ni ofynnwyd unrhyw gwestiynau gan aelodau'r cyhoedd.

### 6 Ch1 Adroddiad Monitro'r Gyllideb 2020/21

7 Adolygu'r Refeniw Wrth Gefn

### 8 Datganiad Cyllideb Canol Tymor

Daeth y Prif Swyddog Cyllid a'r Cyfarwyddwr Adnoddau i'r cyfarfod i gyflwyno'r adroddiad ac ateb cwestiynau. Nodwyd y materion canlynol:

- Mae Adroddiad Monitro'r Gyllideb Refeniw a Chyfalaf C1 2020/21 yn ceisio pontio'r arddull adrodd arferol ar y gyllideb ar gyfer C1 a heriau ehangach COVID-19.
- Mae argymhelliad 3 yn anarferol i dynnu symiau fel £10m o'r cronfeydd wrth gefn, fodd bynnag, mae hyn yn gyson â chyngor a dderbynnir i'r cyngor.
- Ôl-ddyledion Treth y Cyngor ar ddiwedd 2019-20 oedd £4.7m ac mae'r cyfanswm cronnol yn nes at £10m.
- Mae disgwyliadau ar gyfer diffyg o £2.5m yn nhreth y cyngor yn ystod y flwyddyn ariannol hon.
- Cadarnhaodd y Prif Swyddog Cyllid ei fod yn hyderus y bydd mewn sefyllfa i fantoli'r gyllideb gyffredinol serch hynny.
- Gorwariant rhagamcanol o £16m yn y Gyfarwyddiaeth Lleoedd
- Mae Cyngor Abertawe'n anarferol gan ei fod yn berchen ar lawer o dir yng nghanol y ddinas yn dilyn yr Ail Ryfel Byd, ac felly'r cyngor yw'r landlord masnachol mwyaf yng nghanol y ddinas.
- Dosbarthwyd grantiau busnes gwerth £53m yn ystod C1, ac maent yn parhau i C2.
- Mae swyddogion yn disgwyl i adroddiad C2 nodi bod gorwariant y gwasanaeth wedi gostwng, gan adlewyrchu gwireddiad rhagor o grantiau.
- Holodd y Panel a fyddai Llywodraeth Cymru yn talu am ddiffyg Treth y Cyngor (C1) a'r gorwariant £10m. Mae ansicrwydd o hyd ynghylch a ellir ad-dalu unrhyw ran o hyn.
- Mae Prifysgol Caerdydd yn cadw golwg ar symiau a ddyrennir drwy ffrydiau ariannu Llywodraeth y DU a Llywodraeth Cymru ar gyfer Llywodraeth Leol Cymru yn ei chyfanrwydd.
- Holodd y Panel a yw'r cyngor mewn perygl o gael unrhyw ddirwyon a chosbau (er enghraifft dros wastraff ac ailgylchu). Yr arwyddion cynnar yw bod Llywodraeth Cymru yn cydymdeimlo ac yn annhebygol o osod dirwyon o'r fath ond y bydd yn edrych arno fesul achos.
- Tynnodd y Panel sylw at y ffaith nad effeithir yn andwyol ar y Cyfrif Refeniw Tai (HRA) yn ystod C1.
- Pwysleisiodd y Prif Swyddog Cyllid fod cronfeydd wrth gefn cyffredinol yn parhau i fod ar y lefel ddiogel leiaf a'u bod ar yr isaf y gallant fod yn ei farn ef

### 9 Ailgylchu a Thirlenwi - Adroddiad Monitro Perfformiad Blynyddol 2019/20

Diolchodd y panel i Aelod y Cabinet a Rheolwr y Gwasanaethau Gwastraff am gyflwyno'r adroddiad ac ateb eu cwestiynau. Nodwyd:

- Ar ddiwedd mis Mawrth 2020 cyrhaeddwyd y targed ailgylchu o 64%; cynnydd o 2.1% o'i gymharu â'r flwyddyn flaenorol.
- Roedd 2000 tunnell o wastraff wedi osgoi mynd i safleoedd tirlenwi, sy'n debygol o fod yn ganlyniad i lwyddiant ymgyrch Nid Fan Hyn!
- Mae Abertawe'n defnyddio safleoedd tirlenwi yn bennaf. Mae'r rhan fwyaf o awdurdodau eraill yn anfon eu holl wastraff na ellir ei ailgylchu i'w losgi.
- Os caiff ei losgi, gellir hawlio hyd at gyfradd ailgylchu ychwanegol o 6% sy'n cael ei chyfrifo drwy ailgylchu tunelli o'r lludw gweddillion a gynhyrchir.
- Codwyd pryderon ynghylch yr effaith bosib ar newid yn yr hinsawdd ac allyriadau Co2 o ganlyniad i losgi gwastraff.
- Yr unig opsiwn realistig sydd ar gael ar hyn o bryd yw llosgi.
- Rydym yn edrych ar opsiynau eraill gan fod technolegau newydd yn cael eu datblygu'n gyson, er nad oes yr un ohonynt ar gael i ni ar hyn o bryd.
- Mae'n debygol felly y bydd y cyngor yn ymrwymo i gontract tymor byr ar gyfer llosgi, ac yna'n symud tuag at opsiynau a dulliau eraill mwy newydd wrth iddynt ddod ar gael.
- Mae'n bosib ni fyddwn yn cyrraedd y targed ailgylchu o 64% eleni (2020/2021). Mae'r sefyllfa hon yn effeithio ar bob cyngor yng Nghymru.
- Gallwn briodoli diffygion i effaith COVID-19.
- Nid ydym yn disgwyl unrhyw ddirwyon na chosbau ac rydym yn deall bod Llywodraeth Cymru'n cydymdeimlo â'r sefyllfa hon.
- Mae safleoedd bellach ar agor ac mae system cadw lle bellach ar waith yn Llansamlet.
- Gall y gwasanaeth cael gwared ar sachau du ailddechrau cyn diwedd y flwyddyn ariannol hon.
- Mae'n rhaid i strategaeth hirdymor ganolbwyntio ar ailddefnyddio yn hytrach na gwaredu. 'Ynni o wastraff' yw'r opsiwn gorau ar hyn o bryd.
- Mae'r cyngor yn edrych ar gydbwysedd o ateb fforddiadwy sydd ar gael gyda hyblygrwydd i symud i dechnolegau sy'n dod i'r amlwg pan fyddant ar gael
- Mae rownd newydd o'r cynllun hyfforddeion gwastraff wedi dechrau, a bydd yr ymgyrch Nid Fan Hyn yn cael ei hailfywiogi.
- Mae'r incwm yma wedi'i effeithio'n sylweddol. Caeodd 90% o fusnesau felly nid oedd angen casgliadau masnachol arnynt. Mae hawliad wedi'i gyflwyno i Lywodraeth Cymru am ad-daliad.
- Mae pob gwisg a ddefnyddir ar gyfer gwaredu gwastraff wedi'i chofrestru gyda rheoleiddwyr y DU.
- Proses wedi'i dilysu yw hon ac mae unrhyw gwmni yr ydym yn ei gontractio yn cael ei reoleiddio gan CNC, sy'n gwirio cydymffurfiaeth.

# 10 Cynllunio'r Rhaglen Waith Craffu ar Wella Gwasanaethau a Chyllid 2020/21

- Nodwyd a chytunwyd ar y cynllun gwaith drafft.
- Caiff adroddiadau monitro perfformiad eu cyhoeddi cyn cyfarfodydd er mwyn rhoi digon o amser i'w hadolygu. Yna gellir cyfeirio cwestiynau at y Swyddog perthnasol ymlaen llaw er mwyn paratoi atebion ymlaen llaw.

#### Minutes of the Panel Perfformiad Craffu - Gwella Gwasanaethau a Chyllid (Dydd Llun, 9 Tachwedd 2020) Cont'd

- Caiff y cynnig cyllidebol ei adolygu eto ym mis Mawrth er mwyn rhoi cyfle pellach i graffu os oes angen.
- Mae angen adolygu is-ddeddfau'n fanwl; ni drefnwyd hyn eto.

# 11 Llythyrau

Daeth y cyfarfod i ben am 11.53am

## Cadeirydd



To: Councillor Mark Thomas Cabinet Member for Environment Enhancement & Infrastructure Management Please ask for: Gofynnwch am: Direct Line: Llinell Uniongyrochol: e-Mail e-Bost:

Date Dyddiad: Overview & Scrutiny 01792 636292 scrutiny@swansea.gov.uk

25<sup>th</sup> November 2020

**CC: Cabinet Members** 

### **BY EMAIL**

**Summary:** This is a letter from the Service Improvement and Finance Scrutiny Performance Panel to the Cabinet Member for Environment Enhancement and Infrastructure Management. The letter concerns the meeting on 9<sup>th</sup> November 2020 and the Recycling and Landfill Annual Performance Monitoring Report 2019/20.

Dear Councillor Thomas,

On the 9<sup>th</sup> November, the Panel met to discuss the Recycling and Landfill Annual Performance Monitoring Report 2019/20. The Panel are grateful to yourself and the Head of Waste, Parks and Cleansing for attending to discuss the report.

We paid tribute to the staff and the management of the waste and recycling services, for the hard work and dedication throughout the pandemic. The Panel heard that there has been significant public praise for the continuation of these services throughout. In addition to the commitment of the waste collection team, you also praised the public for their continuing efforts to maintain recycling standards.

You told us that at the end of March we achieved the 64% recycling target; an increase of 2.1% from the previous year, helped by the 'Keep It Out' campaign. The net effect was 2000 tonnes of waste avoiding landfill, which you acknowledged as a monumental achievement and a fantastic result.

We heard that recycling performance indicators for Wales listed Swansea as mid table, based on the amount of recycling achieved. You explained that Swansea mostly utilises landfill. Most other authorities send all their non-recyclable waste to incineration and can claim up to an extra 6% recycling rate that is accounted for by recycling tonnage from the residue ash produced. The Panel heard that this would mean we should be truly reflected in the top quarter of the statistics.

### OVERVIEW & SCRUTINY / TROSOLWG A CHRAFFU

SWANSEA COUNCIL / CYNGOR ABERTAWE GUILDHALL, SWANSEA, SA1 4PE / NEUADD Y DDINAS, ABERTAWE, SA1 4PE www.swansea.gov.uk / www.abertawe.gov.uk

I dderbyn yr wybodaeth hon mewn fformat arall neu yn Gymraeg, cysylltwch â'r person uchod To receive this information in alternative format, or in Welsh please contact the above We questioned the use of incineration for residual waste management. Although we would welcome the use of waste for energy generation, the potential problem is impact on climate change and Co2 emissions from waste incineration. We need to find a balance when looking at substitutes that give consideration to meeting climate change targets. We raised concerns over the prospect of incineration, which would help waste targets, however, would not help air quality targets for example. Our query was discussed in the context of landfill not being a long-term solution and something we need to move away from. The Panel heard that the only available, realistic, option currently is incineration. The Council is looking at other options as there are constantly new technologies being developed, although none are available to us at this time. It is likely that the Council will therefore take a short-term contract for incineration, and then move towards other newer market options and methods as they become available.

We heard that residual waste to landfill is due to come to an end in January 2022 and the Council is looking for alternative contracts. The current strategy is to exit Tir John and you are looking for alternative disposal methods. An 'energy from waste' disposal method is likely. A regional solution is no longer an option, but the Council is looking at continuing at present as a sole authority and this will be based on existing market availability.

You told us that the recycling target of 64% may not be met this year (2020/2021). This situation is effecting all councils in Wales. The target of 64% may not be met, however, we can attribute shortfalls to the impact of Covid-19, forcing recycling centres to close for two months and suspending bulky waste collections. Officers explained that under normal circumstances we would have been confident of reaching 64%. We are therefore not expecting any fines or penalties and understand that Welsh Government are sympathetic to this situation.

It was explained that the 'Keep It Out' campaign continues and the teams are out ensuring rules are adhered to.

The Panel queried whether receipt of black bags at the Llansamlet centre would now continue. You explained that the delay was due to Covid-19, however, sites are now open and a booking system is now in place at Llansamlet. We heard that the team would want to trial this new booking system for a short period, and then black bag disposal can resume before the end of this financial year.

Discussions were had about Welsh Government's circular economy strategy, no waste being the ultimate aim. Officers explained that the vast majority of carbon emissions are from production of materials, not disposal. It was heard that we need to minimise products we use and improve repair, reuse and recycle methods. Long-term strategy needs to be centred on re-use rather than disposal. We heard that 'energy from waste' is the best option currently.

Officers informed us that gasification technology is developing, however, there are no commercial operations up and running and this, therefore, is not an available option. The Council is looking at a balance of an affordable available solution with flexibility to move into emerging technologies as and when they become available.

The Panel questioned whether the team continued to inspect black bags on the curb side. We heard that this was a successful scheme, but during Covid-19 it had to be paused due to risks associated with exposing staff/public to interaction. There is a new round of the waste trainee scheme and the Keep It Out campaign will be reinvigorated through this training. Local lockdown has further hampered this progress.

The Panel queried whether you envisage a shortfall in the income of this department given that the recycle shop has closed. You explained that this area of income has been hit significantly. The Panel also heard that 90% of businesses closed so did not require commercial collections. Officers assured us that a claim has been submitted to Welsh Government for reimbursement. The Panel would like an update on *income and expenditure* in this area in six months time.

The Panel raised questions relating to external contractors and their compliance in terms of waste disposal. Officers gave assurance that every outfit utilised is registered with UK regulators. Some products are shipped abroad when appropriate, for example, glass to Portugal for use in bottle production. Officers explained we use UK brokers with various outlets and the vast majority of waste goes to UK based processors who use the material in a final product.

The Panel queried who checks that contractors go through proper channels to dispose of items. Officers explained this is a verified process and any company who we contract is regulated by NRW, who check on compliance.

We are interested in any thoughts you may have on the contents of this letter but, in this instance, we require no formal written response.

Yours sincerely,

#### **Councillor Chris Holley**

Convener, Service Improvement and Finance Scrutiny Performance Panel



To: Councillor Rob Stewart Cabinet Member for Economy, Finance and Strategy

Please ask for: Gofynnwch am: Direct Line: Llinell Uniongyrochol: e-Mail e-Bost:

Date Dyddiad: **Overview & Scrutiny** 01792 636292 scrutiny@swansea.gov.uk

25<sup>th</sup> November 2020

CC: Cabinet Members

### **BY EMAIL**

Summary: This is a letter from the Service Improvement and Finance Scrutiny Performance Panel to the Cabinet Member for Economy, Finance and Strategy. The letter concerns the meeting on 9<sup>th</sup> November 2020 and the Revenue and Capital Budget Monitoring Report Q1 2020/21, the Review of Revenue Reserves and the Mid Term Budget Statement.

Dear Councillor Stewart.

On the 9<sup>th</sup> November, the Panel met to discuss the Revenue and Capital Budget Monitoring Report Q1 2020/21, the Review of Revenue Reserves and the Mid Term Budget Statement. The Panel are grateful to the Chief Finance Officer and Director of Resources for attending to discuss the report.

We heard that, overall, these reports are not typical due to the unprecedented impacts of Covid-19 and the uncertain nature of competitive bidding for funding from Welsh Government.

The Panel heard that the Revenue and Capital Budget Monitoring Report Q1 2020/21 tries to bridge the normal budget reporting style for Q1 and the wider challenges of Covid-19. Attention was immediately drawn to Recommendation 3 as it is unusual to draw such sums as £10m from reserves, however, this is consistent with accepted advice to Council.

The Panel asked questions about Council Tax arrears. We heard that Council Tax arrears at the end of 2019-20 was £4.7m and the cumulative total is nearer £10m. It was explained that this is an unusual capital debt that can remain open for a longer period. We are on course for a shortfall in Council Tax collection. Last year the shortfall was £100K with just one week of Covid-19. Expectations are for a £2.5m shortfall in Council Tax this financial year. We heard that it is anticipated that some people may choose to defer payments due to financial difficulty. It was felt appropriate to draw

### **OVERVIEW & SCRUTINY / TROSOLWG A CHRAFFU**

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attention to the likelihood of substantial collection losses. The Panel heard that losses cannot be spread over the following 3 years as in England, so there is no flexibility in this respect.

Officers presented to the Panel an overall summary, which continues to be challenging and likely to be an unusual year ahead for Q2 and Q3. The Chief Finance Officer confirmed he is confident we are in a positon to balance the overall budget at the end of this financial year.

The Panel queried the projected £16m over spend in the Place Directorate. This was due to 'Place' being a department where lots of discretionary activity is undertaken; for example, significant reduction in parking income. Officers described how Swansea Council is unusual in that it owns much of the city centre land following the Second World War, we are therefore the largest commercial landlord in the city centre. Some tenants are struggling to pay. Similarly, leisure and culture activities have been curtailed. The Place Directorate is therefore significantly affected by the impacts of Covid-19, in terms of footfall income and support received to keep venues solvent.

The Panel heard that business grants of £53m were distributed during Q1, and continue into Q2; there are also additional funds to expand business rate relief. There is a specific additional grant of £35m. Officers assured us that the £37.7m is therefore not an under spend, but rather a variation from budget due to the interaction between specific and block grants. Officers, in discussion with Audit Wales, suggest we are acting as an Agent for Welsh Government in the distribution of these grants and should therefore be able to record this as net neutral on the account. The Chief Finance Officer described how this is difficult to report in the usual way, whilst accurately reflecting distortions of Covid-19 effects. The distortions are complicated and there remains a need to draw (potentially) from reserves. Officers expect the Q2 report to indicate the service over spend is down, reflecting the realisation of more grants. In any event, Officers assure the Panel that they will balance this year's budget.

The Panel queried whether Welsh Government would cover the Council Tax shortfall (Q1) and the £10m over spend. Officers responded with their understanding that whilst Welsh Government is sympathetic to the situation, this factor remains the biggest inherent uncertainly. It is therefore likely that there will be a loss for the year. Council Tax is the most local of taxes and therefore losses usually fall to local authorities, however, this particular loss is not caused by local circumstances, but Ministers may yet decide not to meet this local tax in full or at all.

The Panel queried whether Welsh Government give a time scale for funding decisions. Officers explained it is difficult to keep track of the numerous and differing announcements and there is a time lag of claims within this competitive process. Cardiff University is keeping track of sums allocated via UK and Welsh Government funding streams for Welsh local government as a whole. The Panel noted that there seems to be an inherent uncertainty to the rest of the year.

The Panel queried whether the Council is at risk of any fines and penalties (for example over waste and recycling). Officers assured us that although there have been no relaxation to rules around obligations, and we are therefore exposed to penalties,

it is not to say these will be enforced. The Panel heard that (recycling) targets are legislative, so Welsh Government did not want to change legislation. Early indications are that they are sympathetic and unlikely to impose such fines but will look at it on a case by case basis.

The Panel drew attention to the Housing Revenue Account (HRA) not being adversely affected during Q1 and queried why not. Officers explained that we were expecting a less generous job support scheme. The furlough scheme is now extended and therefore likely to help this position, however overall economic performance for the economy is not looking positive. Unemployment will mean adjustment to living on benefits is likely to increase pressure on ability to pay. This is a national policy consideration and not directly relevant to this report; we recognise that this is a macro-economic and policy consideration for another time.

The Chief Finance Officer emphasised that general fund reserves, in his opinion, remain at the minimum safe level and are at the lowest they can be. The Panel understood that, thankfully, the Council had earmarked reserves to fall back on.

We are interested in any thoughts you may have on the contents of this letter. We would be grateful if you could please provide a written response to the following points by 16<sup>th</sup> December:

- We require a more detailed view of Place Directorate grants and the possible short fall.
- We would like an outline of the spend profile that has taken place over the 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter in relation to the budget position.

Yours sincerely,

#### **Councillor Chris Holley**

Convener, Service Improvement and Finance Scrutiny Performance Panel